



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

SEC. 8. Any persons violating any of the provisions of the foregoing sections shall be, on conviction, fined not less than \$5 nor more than \$25 and cost for each offense.

SEC. 9. Section 1 of this ordinance shall be in force from the 1st day of April to the 31st day of October, inclusive, of each year. This ordinance shall be in force from and after its adoption, but no person or persons, firm or corporation, shall be fined until 10 days after its adoption and publication. Any laws and regulations of the city of Durham in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

**Barber Shops—Sanitary Regulation. (Reg. Bd. of H., Mar. 2, 1914.)**

ART. 8. SECTION 1. Every barber shop within the city of Durham shall be open to the board of health for inspection at any time, and the following rules shall be observed therein :

(a) All barber shops, together with all furniture, shall be kept in a clean and sanitary condition.

(b) Mugs, shaving brushes, razors, scissors, clipping machines, pinchers, needles and other instruments shall be sterilized by immersion in boiling water, steam, or in alcohol of at least 60 per cent strength, after each separate use. Combs and brushes shall be thoroughly cleaned with soap and water after each day's use.

(c) Clean towels shall be used for each person.

(d) Alumn, or other material used to stop the flow of blood, shall be applied only on a clean towel or other clean cloth. The use of powder puffs is prohibited, except that a sponge owned by a customer may be used on him.

(e) Every barber shall thoroughly cleanse his hands immediately before serving each customer.

(f) Every barber shop shall be well ventilated and provided with hot and cold water.

(g) A copy of this article shall be kept posted in plain view in every barber shop.

SEC. 2. Any person violating any of the provisions of this article shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a penalty of \$1 for each offense.

**Health Officer and Sanitary Police—Duties of. (Reg. Bd. of H., Mar. 2, 1914.)**

ART. 9. SECTION 1. The health officer shall perform duties as follows:

Report to the board of health at each regular meeting the sanitary condition of the city and county, and shall perform such other duties as are designated in this code, and such duties as may be directed from time to time by the board of health. As such health officer he shall have power to enter any inclosure in the city or county, and when he deems it necessary shall take a policeman with him.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the health officer to keep constantly on hand a barrel of formalin and 100 pounds of permanganate of potash, or other approved disinfectants, for the purpose of fumigation, said disinfectants to be paid for by the city of Durham.

SEC. 3. (a) The sanitary police shall report daily at the health department, in writing, the work done the preceding day.

(b) They shall investigate the condition of privies, urinals, water-closets, back yards, and other places in the city, and shall serve notice to the owners or agents when any premises are found in any insanitary or unhealthy condition.

October 9, 1914

(c) They shall remove carrion or other nuisances from the street, and shall be paid the actual expense thereof.

(d) They shall be conversant with the laws of the board of health and shall at all times endeavor to enforce them to the best of their ability.

(e) They shall obey all orders issued by or through the health officer or officially by the board of health.

(f) They shall have control of employees under them and shall be responsible for the efficiency of their work.

**Rabies—Muzzling of Dogs Required. (Reg. Bd. of H., Mar. 2, 1914.)**

ART. 12. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to let his or her dog run at large on the streets of the city of Durham or on the public highways of the sanitary districts of East and West Durham without a proper and safe muzzle. (Which muzzle must be satisfactory to the superintendent of health.) All dogs that are not properly muzzled on or after June 15 to October 15 shall be declared a nuisance, and the owner or owners shall be fined \$1 and costs for each day that the dog remains unmuzzled.

**Pig Pens—Location. (Reg. Bd. of H., Mar. 2, 1914.)**

ART 13. SECTION 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to build, erect, construct, maintain, or use, or cause to be built, erected, constructed, maintained, or used, any hog or pig pen in the county of Durham nearer than 300 feet to any residence, church, schoolhouse, or well or spring. (If located on slope of hill below well or spring, 100 feet.)

SEC. 2. Any person, firm, or corporation who shall, after due notice, in writing, from the superintendent of health of the county and city of Durham, who refuses or neglects to comply with this law shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined \$5 and costs for each and every day it shall remain after such notice is given.

**Eggs—Sale of After Cold Storage. (Reg. Bd. of H., Mar. 2, 1914.)**

ART. 14. SECTION 1. Whenever eggs that have been in cold storage are sold at retail or offered or exposed for sale, the basket, box, or other container in which the eggs are placed shall be marked plainly and conspicuously with the words "Cold-storage eggs," or there shall be attached to such container a placard or sign having on it the said words. If eggs that have been in cold storage are sold at retail or offered or exposed for sale without a container, or placed upon a counter elsewhere, a sign or placard having the words "Cold-storage eggs" plainly and conspicuously marked upon it shall be displayed in, upon, or immediately above the said eggs, the intent of this act being that cold-storage eggs sold at retail or offered or exposed for sale shall be designated in such a manner that the purchaser will know that they are cold-storage eggs. The display of the words "Cold-storage eggs" as required by this act shall be done in such a manner as hereafter set forth in sections 2 and 3.

SEC. 2. The sign or placard required by section 1 of this act to be placed upon or immediately above cold-storage eggs, or upon the basket, box, or other container in which cold-storage eggs are placed, shall consist of the words "Cold-storage eggs" printed in uncondensed Gothic type in letters not less than 1 inch in height, printed in black on a white background, no other lettering to appear on or to be attached to said sign or placard. (This sign or placard to be used only where eggs are offered or exposed for sale.)

Sec. 3. The marking required by section 1 to be placed upon the bag, basket, box, or other container in which cold-storage eggs are placed, *after having been sold to a purchaser*, shall consist of the words "Cold-storage eggs," printed or